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1 Rajasthan Land Revenue (Allotment of Land To Gaushalas) Rules, 1957

In exercise of the powers conferred by Cl. (xiv) of sub-sec. (2) of Sec. 261 of the Rajasthan Land Revenue Act, 1956 (Rajasthan Act No. 15 of 1956) read with Sec. 102; thereof, the State Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

Rule 1. Title and Commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Rajasthan Land Revenue (Allotment of Land to Gaushalas) Rules, 1957.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

Rule 2. Interpretation.—In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, "Gaushalas" shall mean an institution for the protection, care and well being of cattle or the improvement of their breed, and shall include 'Gopalkendras', 'Pinjrapoles' and other similar institutions.

Rule 3. Gaushalas eligible to apply for allotment.—Gaushalas shall be eligible to apply for the allotment of land under these rules for grazing purposes provided that—

- ²(1) Gaushala must be registered under the Rajasthan Societies Registration Act, 1958 (Rajasthan Act No. 28 of 1958) and the Rajasthan Gaushala Act 1960 (Rajasthan Act No. 24 of 1960).
- (2) they maintain at least fifty heads of cattle.

Rule 4. Application for allotment.—(1) Any Gaushala desirous of obtaining any allotable area of unoccupied Government land for the grazing of its cattle may apply in writing to the Collector of the district in which the land applied for is situated.

(2) The application shall contain the following particulars—

- (a) Name of the Gaushala and of the place where situated;
- (b) Names, addresses and occupation of the persons responsible for its management;
- (c) Date of registration of the Gaushalas under the ²[Rajasthan Societies Registration Act 1958 and Rajasthan Gaushala Act 1960] together with the number of registration certificate;
- (d) Period during which the Gaushalas has been functioning as such;
- (e) Average number of cattle maintained by the Gaushalas during the past 3 years;
- (f) Financial position and sources of income;
- (g) Area of land already held for grazing purposes; and
- (h) Situation, boundaries and Khasra numbers of the area applied for.

Rule 5. Enquiry by Collector.—(1) On receipt of an application under Rule 4, the Collector shall first satisfy himself, by such enquiry as he may deem fit, regarding the correctness of the particulars given in the application, and shall,

1. Pub. in the Raj. Govt. Gaz., Part 4(ga), dated 5-12-1957.
2. Substituted vide Notification No. F.6(30)/Rev. 6/2000/5 dated 16-2-2008, published in Raj. Gaz. Part IV-C dated 1-3-2008.

thereafter, call for a report from the Tehsildar with regard to the area applied for, whether it is occupied, or unoccupied, whether it is assessed or unassessed, and if assessed what the rent is, as well as its soil classification the current settlement.

(2) On receipt of the Tehsildar's report, and after such further enquiry as he may deem fit to make, ¹[the Collector may either reject the application for reasons to be recorded or accept the application. Before accepting the application], the Collector shall have due regard to the availability of land for the grazing of the village cattle and shall also see whether the land applied for is likely to be needed for the extension of the village abadi or for any other development scheme.

Rule 6. Lands that cannot be allotted.—The following categories of land shall not be allotted under the rules—

- (i) ²[xxx]
- (ii) Lands specified in Sec. 16 of the Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 1955 (Rajasthan Act No. 3 of 1955) with the exception of land mentioned in cl. (iv) of that section; and
- (iii) Lands reserved for village forests.

³[Provided that if no suitable swaichak land is available for allotment to Gaushalas and sufficient land remains available for grassing cattle of the village, the charagah land may be allotted under these rules]

Rule 7. Extent of area to be allotted and sanctioning authority.—⁴[(1) The area to be allotted under these rules shall be at the rate of 10 square meter per cattle head for the use of cattle for sitting or standing purpose and one hectare per 100 cattle heads for providing facilities such as grazing, drinking water, production of fodder and collection of dung etc.

Provided that the maximum land allotted under this rule shall not exceed 25 hectare.]

(2) All allotments under these rules shall be sanctioned by the ⁵[Collector].

Rule 8. Conditions of allotment.—All allotments of land under these rules shall be subject to the following conditions:

- (1) The land shall be given on lease, and not on Khatadari or Gair Khatadari rights.
- (2) The rent to be charged shall be—
 - (a) one-fourth of the rent assessed at the current settlement if the land applied for is assessed; or
 - (b) Rs. ⁶[160 per hectare per annum] if the land is unassessed.

1. Substituted vide Noti. No. F. 6(10) Rev. 6/99/7, dated 15-2-2001, Pub. in the Raj. Govt. Gaz., Exty, Part 4(ga)(1), dated 24-2-2001.
2. Deleted vide G.S.R. 36 dated 15-6-2002 published in Raj. Gaz. Part IV C dated 20-6-2002.
3. Added vide Noti. No. F6(30) Rev-6/2000/4 dated 17-2-2005 Pub. in Raj. Gaz. Part IVC dated 21-2-2005.
4. Substituted vide GSR No. 36 dated 15-6-2002 Published in Raj. Gaz. Part IV-C dated 20-6-2002.
5. Substituted vide Noti. No. F. 6(10), Rev. 6/90/7, dated 15-2-2001, Pub. in the Raj. Govt. Gaz., Exty., Part 4(ga)(1), dated 24-2-2001.
6. Substituted vide Noti. No. F. 6(30) Rev. 6/2000/5, dated 16-2-2008, Pub. in the Raj. Govt. Gaz., Exty., Part 4(ga)(1), dated 1-3-2008.

